Prepare for JDK 9

CON5107

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Sessions

1. Prepare for JDK 9
2. Introduction to Modular Development
3. Advanced Modular Development
4. Project Jigsaw: Under the Hood
5. Project Jigsaw Hack Session
Who’s Afraid of the Big Bad Wolf?
Background: JDK 9 and Project Jigsaw goals

• Make Java SE more flexible and scalable
• Improve security and maintainability
• Make it easier to construct, maintain, deploy and upgrade large applications
• Enable improved performance
Background: Modularity Landscape

- Java Platform Module System
  - JSR 376, targeted for Java SE 9
- Java SE 9
  - JSR XXX, will own the modularization of the Java SE APIs
- OpenJDK Project Jigsaw
  - Reference implementation for JSR 376
  - JEP 200, 201, 220, 260, 261
Background: Categories of APIs in the JDK

• Supported, intended for external use
  • JCP standard, java.*, javax.*
  • JDK-specific API, some com.sun.*, some jdk.*
• Unsupported, JDK-internal, not intended for external use
  • sun.* mostly
Why Developers Should Not Write Programs That Call 'sun' Packages

The classes that JavaSoft includes with the JDK fall into at least two packages: java.* and sun.*. Only classes in java.* packages are a standard part of the Java Platform and will be supported into the future. In general, API outside of java.* can change at any time without notice, and so cannot be counted on either across OS platforms (Sun, Microsoft, Netscape, Apple, etc.) or across Java versions. Programs that contain direct calls to the sun.* API are not 100% Pure Java. In other words:

The java.* packages make up the official, supported, public Java interface.
If a Java program directly calls only API in java.* packages, it will operate on all Java-compatible platforms, regardless of the underlying OS platform.

The sun.* packages are not part of the supported, public Java interface.
A Java program that directly calls any API in sun.* packages is not guaranteed to work on all Java-compatible platforms. In fact, such a program is not guaranteed to work even in future versions on the same platform.

For these reasons, there is no documentation available for the sun.* classes. Platform-independence is one of the great advantages of developing in Java. Furthermore, JavaSoft and other licensees of Java technology, are committed to maintaining the APIs in java.* for future versions of the Java platform. (Except for code that relies on bugs that we later fix, or APIs that we deprecate and eventually remove.) This means that once your program is written, the binary will work in future releases. That is, future implementations of the Java platform will be backward compatible.

Each company that implements the Java platform will do so in their own private way. The classes in sun.* are present in the JDK to support the JavaSoft implementation of the Java platform: the sun.* classes are what make the classes in java.* work "under the covers" for the JavaSoft JDK. These classes will not in general be present on another vendor's Java platform. If your Java program asks for a class "sun.package.Foo" by name, it will likely fail with ClassNotfoundError, and you will have lost a major advantage of developing in Java.

Technically, nothing prevents your program from calling API in sun.* by name, but these classes are unsupported APIs, and we are not committed to maintaining backward compatibility for them. From one release to another, these classes may be removed or they may be moved from one package to another, and it's fairly likely that the API (method names and signatures) will change. (From the JavaSoft point of view, since we are committed to maintaining the java.* APIs, we need to be able to change sun.* to enhance our products.) In this case, even if you are willing to run only on the JavaSoft implementation, you run the risk of a new version of the implementation breaking your program.

In general, writing Java programs that rely on sun.* is risky: they are not portable, and the APIs are not supported.
General compatibility policies

• If an application uses only supported APIs and works on release N then it should work on N+1, even without recompilation
• Supported APIs can be removed but only with advanced notice
Managing incompatibilities

• Judge risk and impact based on actual data (where possible)
• Communicate early and vigorously
• Make it easy to understand how existing code will be affected
• When removing unsupported APIs, provide replacements where it make sense
• Provide workarounds where possible
Incompatible changes in JDK 9

• Encapsulate most JDK-internal APIs
• Remove a small number of supported, JCP-standard APIs
• Change the binary structure of the JRE and JDK
• Remove the endorsed-standards override and extension mechanisms
• New version-string format
• Underscore not allowed as a one-character identifier in source code
Uses of JDK-internal APIs
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- `sun.misc.BASE64Encoder`
- `sun.misc.Unsafe`
Categories of JDK-internal APIs

• Non-critical
  • No evidence of use outside of JDK
  • or used only for convenience
• Critical
  • Functionality that would be difficult, if not impossible, to implement outside of the JDK
JEP 260 proposal

• Encapsulate all non-critical internal APIs by default
• Encapsulate all critical internal APIs for which supported replacements exist in JDK 8
• Do not encapsulate critical internal APIs
  • Deprecate them in JDK 9
  • Plan to remove in JDK 10
  • Provide a workaround via command-line flag
JEP 260 proposal

• Propose as critical internal APIs
  • sun.misc.Unsafe
  • sun.misc.{Signal,SignalHandler}
  • sun.misc.Cleaner
  • sun.reflect.Reflection::getCallerClass
  • sun.reflect.ReflectionFactory
## Uses of JDK-internal APIs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Count</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Count</th>
<th>Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>sun.misc.BASE64Encoder</td>
<td>R8</td>
<td>125</td>
<td>com.sun.image.codec.jpeg.JPGImageEncoder</td>
<td>R4</td>
<td>149</td>
<td>com.sun.org.apache.xml.internal.serialize.XMLSerializer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sun.misc.BASE64Decoder</td>
<td>R8</td>
<td>88</td>
<td>sun.security.action.GetPropertyAction</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>sun.security.util.DerValue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>com.sun.security.x509.X509CertImpl</td>
<td>R7</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>sun.security.x509.X500Name</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>sun.misc.CharacterEncoder</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sun.security.x509.X500Name</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>sun.net.www.parse.Parser</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>sun.security.util.DerInputStream</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **C** = Critical, no supported replacement in 8, will remain in 9, gone in 10
- **S9** = Non-critical, but now supported in 9
- **RN** = Non-critical, supported replacement added in JDK N (N < 9), encapsulated in 9
- **X** = Non-critical, no replacement planned, encapsulated in 9
Finding uses of JDK-internal APIs

• jdeps tool in JDK 8, improved in JDK 9
• Maven JDepd Plugin
$ jdeps -jdkinternals glassfish/modules/security.jar
$ jdeps -jdkinternals glassfish/modules/security.jar
security.jar -> java.base
  com.sun.enterprise.common.iioip.security.GSSUPName (security.jar)
    -> sun.security.util.ObjectIdentifier JDK internal API (java.base)
  com.sun.enterprise.common.iioip.security.GSSUtilsContract (security.jar)
    -> sun.security.util.ObjectIdentifier JDK internal API (java.base)
  com.sun.enterprise.security.auth.login.LoginContextDriver (security.jar)
    -> sun.security.x509.X500Name JDK internal API (java.base)
  com.sun.enterprise.security.auth.login.LoginContextDriver$4 (security.jar)
    -> sun.security.x509.X500Name JDK internal API (java.base)
  com.sun.enterprise.security.auth.realm.certificate.CertificateRealm (security.jar)
    -> sun.security.x509.X500Name JDK internal API (java.base)
  com.sun.enterprise.security.auth.realm.ldap.LDAPRealm (security.jar)
    -> sun.security.x509.X500Name JDK internal API (java.base)
  com.sun.enterprise.security.ssl.JarSigner (security.jar)
    -> sun.security.pkcs.ContentInfo JDK internal API (java.base)
    -> sun.security.pkcs.PKCS7 JDK internal API (java.base)
    -> sun.security.pkcs.SignerInfo JDK internal API (java.base)
    -> sun.security.x509.AlgorithmId JDK internal API (java.base)
    -> sun.security.x509.X500Name JDK internal API (java.base)

Warning: JDK internal APIs are unsupported and private to JDK implementation that are subject to be removed or changed incompatibly and could break your application. Please modify your code to eliminate dependency on any JDK internal APIs. For the most recent update on JDK internal API replacements, please check: https://wiki.openjdk.java.net/display/JDK8/Java+Dependency+Analysis+Tool

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>JDK Internal API</th>
<th>Suggested Replacement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>sun.security.x509.X500Name</td>
<td>Use javax.security.auth.x500.X500Principal @since 1.4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
java.lang.IllegalArgumentException: class com.sun.enterprise.security.provider.PolicyWrapper (unnamed module) cannot access class sun.security.provider.PolicyFile (module java.base), sun.security.provider is not exported
at com.sun.enterprise.security.provider.BasePolicyWrapper.<init>(BasePolicyWrapper.java:148)
at com.sun.enterprise.security.provider.PolicyWrapper.<init>(PolicyWrapper.java:67)
at sun.reflect.NativeConstructorAccessorImpl.newInstance0(java.base@9.0/Native Method)
at sun.reflect.NativeConstructorAccessorImpl.newInstance(java.base@9.0/NativeConstructorAccessorImpl.java:62)
at sun.reflect.DelegatingConstructorAccessorImpl.newInstance(java.base@9.0/DelegatingConstructorAccessorImpl.java:45)
at java.lang.reflect.Constructor.newInstance(java.base@9.0/Constructor.java:443)
at java.lang.Class.newInstance(java.base@9.0/Class.java:525)
at com.sun.enterprise.security.SecurityLifecycle.onInitialization(SecurityLifecycle.java:163)
at com.sun.enterprise.security.SecurityLifecycle.postConstruct(SecurityLifecycle.java:208)
Example: Gradle 2.7

:compileJava FAILED

FAILURE: Build failed with an exception.

* What went wrong:
Execution failed for task ':compileJava'.

* Try:
Run with --stacktrace option to get the stack trace. Run with --info or --debug option to get more log output.

BUILD FAILED
$ gradle —stacktrace myjar

Caused by: java.lang.IllegalArgumentException: class org.gradle.internal.reflect.DirectInstantiator cannot access class com.sun.tools.javac.api.JavacTool (in module jdk.compiler) because module jdk.compiler does not export package com.sun.tools.javac.api to <unnamed module @2f490758>

at org.gradle.internal.reflect.DirectInstantiator.newInstance(DirectInstantiator.java:49)
... 82 more
Don’t panic!

-XaddExports:java.base/sun.security.provider=ALL-UNNAMED,
   java.base/sun.security.pkcs=ALL-UNNAMED,
   java.base/sun.security.util=ALL-UNNAMED,
   java.base/sun.security.x509=ALL-UNNAMED,
:
Don’t panic!

-XaddExports:java.base/sun.security.provider=ALL-UNNAMED,
java.base/sun.security.pkcs=ALL-UNNAMED,
java.base/sun.security.util=ALL-UNNAMED,
java.base/sun.security.x509=ALL-UNNAMED,
-XaddExports = breaking encapsulation

-XaddExports:java.base/sun.security.provider=ALL-UNNAMED

source module  package  target module
Incompatible changes in JDK 9

• Encapsulate most JDK-internal APIs
• Remove a small number of supported, JCP-standard APIs
• Change the binary structure of the JRE and JDK
• Remove the endorsed-standards override and extension mechanisms
• New version-string format
Removed 6 deprecated methods

• Removed
  • java.util.logging.LogManager::addPropertyChangeListener
  • java.util.logging.LogManager::removePropertyChangeListener
  • java.util.jar.Pack200.Packer::addPropertyChangeListener
  • java.util.jar.Pack200.Packer::removePropertyChangeListener
  • java.util.jar.Pack200.Unpacker::addPropertyChangeListener
  • java.util.jar.Pack200.Unpacker::removePropertyChangeListener

• Flagged for removal in JSR 337, and JEP 162
Change the binary structure of the JRE and JDK

- Motivation
- Not an API but still a disruptive change
- Details in JEP 220
- In JDK 9 since late 2014 to give lots of time for the tools to catch up
Legacy JDK image
Modular run-time image

- bin
- conf
- lib

jre directory
rt.jar
tools.jar
Removed

• Endorsed standards override mechanism
• Extension mechanism
Other changes

• Application and extension class loaders are no longer instances of java.net.URLClassLoader
• Removed: -Xbootclasspath and -Xbootclasspath/p are removed
• Removed: system property sun.boot.class.path
• JEP 261 has the full list of the issues that we know about
Example: Gradle 2.7

:test
Error occurred during initialization of VM
java.lang.ClassCastException: jdk.internal.misc.ClassLoaders$AppClassLoader (in module: java.base) cannot be cast to java.net.URLClassLoader (in module: java.base)
  at jarjar.org.gradle.process.internal.child.BootstrapSecurityManager.checkPermission(BootstrapSecurityManager.java:58)
     at java.lang.SecurityManager.checkPropertyAccess(java.base@9.0/SecurityManager.java:1285)
     at java.lang.System.getProperty(java.base@9.0/System.java:748)
     at java.lang.ClassLoader.initSystemClassLoader(java.base@9.0/ClassLoader.java:1609)
     at java.lang.System.initPhase3(java.base@9.0/System.java:1315)
:test FAILED
New version-string scheme, JEP 223

- Old versioning format is difficult to understand
- New format addresses these problems
- Impacts java -version and related properties
- Not in JDK 9 builds yet
New version-string format

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Release Type</th>
<th>Old</th>
<th>New</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>long</td>
<td>short</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Early Access</td>
<td>1.9.0-ea-b19</td>
<td>9-ea</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Major</td>
<td>1.9.0-b100</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Security #1</td>
<td>1.9.0_5-b20</td>
<td>9u5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Security #2</td>
<td>1.9.0_11-b12</td>
<td>9u11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minor #1</td>
<td>1.9.0_20-b62</td>
<td>9u20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Security #3</td>
<td>1.9.0_25-b15</td>
<td>9u25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Security #4</td>
<td>1.9.0_31-b08</td>
<td>9u31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minor #2</td>
<td>1.9.0_40-b45</td>
<td>9u40</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# System properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>System Property</th>
<th>Existing</th>
<th>Proposed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Major (GA)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>java.version</td>
<td>1.9.0</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>java.runtime.version</td>
<td>1.9.0-b100</td>
<td>9+100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>java.vm.version</td>
<td>1.9.0-b100</td>
<td>9+100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>java.specification.version</td>
<td>1.9</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>java.vm.specification.version</td>
<td>1.9</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Minor #1 (GA)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>java.version</td>
<td>1.9.0_20</td>
<td>9.1.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>java.runtime.version</td>
<td>1.9.0-20-b62</td>
<td>9.1.2+62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>java.vm.version</td>
<td>1.9.0-20-b62</td>
<td>9.1.2+62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>java.specification.version</td>
<td>1.9</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>java.vm.specification.version</td>
<td>1.9</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
_ no longer allowed as a one-character identifier

• Source incompatibility

MyClass.java:2: error: as of release 9, '_' is a keyword, and may not be used as an identifier
    static Object _ = new Object();
    ^
What can you do to prepare?

• Check code for usages of JDK-internal APIs with jdeps
• Check code that might be sensitive to the version change
• Check code for uses of underscore as an identifier
• If you develop tools then check code for a dependency on rt.jar or tools.jar or the runtime-image layout
• Test the JDK 9 EA builds and Project Jigsaw EA builds
Other sessions

• Introduction to Modular Development, today @ 12.30pm
• Advanced Modular Development, today @ 2.30pm
• Project Jigsaw: Under the Hood, today @ 5.30pm
• Project Jigsaw Hack Session, Tuesday @ 8.30am
• The sun.misc.Unsafe Situation, Tuesday @ 5.30pm
Hilton Continental 1/2/3
More Information

OpenJDK Project Jigsaw page, this has links to all the JEPs

http://openjdk.java.net/projects/jigsaw/
mailto:jigsaw-dev@openjdk.java.net

Early Access Builds

https://jdk9.java.net/download
https://jdk9.java.net/jigsaw/

Java Dependency Analysis Tool

https://wiki.openjdk.java.net/display/JDK8/Java+Dependency+Analysis+Tool

JEP 223: New Version-String Scheme

http://openjdk.java.net/jeps/223
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